

Version 1.1

Issue date 19/08/2024

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

Product Identifier

Product Name	Methylated Spirits (Coloured)
Other Names	Ethanol solution, Denatured alcohol
Proper Shipping Name	Alcohols, Solvent
Other means of Identification	Denatured Alcohol

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

	Relevant identified uses	Industrial solvent, pharmaceutical processes, surgical procedures
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Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Vetpak Limited
Address	249 Bruce Berquist Dr, Te Awamutu 3800.
Telephone	(07) 870 2024
Website	www.vetpak.co.nz
Email	sales@vetpak.co.nz

Emergency telephone numbers

Association/ Organisation	New Zealand National Poison information centre	
Emergency telephone number	0800 764 766	
	(07) 870 2024 Vetpak. 8.00am to 5.00pm Monday to Friday except public holidays.	
Other emergency telephone	New Zealand emergency services 111	
numbers		

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification:

Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS) Label pictograms

GHS label elements	
Signal Word	DANGER

Hazard statements

HSNO	Hazard Code	GHS Category	Hazard Statement	
3.1B	H 225	Category 2	Flammable liquid and vapour	
6.1E	H303 + H333	Category 1	tegory 1 May be harmful if swallowed / inhaled	
6.4A	H 319	Category 2A	Can cause eye irritation	



6.8B	H361	Category 2	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
6.9B	H371	Category 2	May cause damage to organs through dermal exposure

Precautionary statements prevention

P102	Keep out of reach of children	
P103	Read label before use	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.	
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces	
P233	Keep container tightly closed	
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment	
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilation/lighting and all other equipment	
P242	Use only non sparking tools	
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge	
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray*.	
P264	Wash hands and clothing thoroughly after handling.	
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
P280	Wear protective gloves/eye protection/ face protection	
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.	

Precautionary statement responses

P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P303 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P309 + P311	IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use water or dry powder for extinction

Precautionary statement storage

P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P405	Store locked up

Precautionary statement disposal

P501	Disposal should be through a suitably qualified contractor
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SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

CAS Number	% (weight)	Name
64 – 17 – 5	> 80%	Ethanol
67 – 56 – 1	< 10%	Methanol
	< 5 %	Acozine Milling Blue Dye
	< 5 %	Basilin Red dye



SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes
	 Wash out immediately with water If irritation continues seek medical advice Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel Continue rinsing for 15 minutes, if eye irritation persists seek medical attention
Skin contact	If skin or hair contact occurs Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available) Seek medical attention in event of irritation
Inhalation	 Remove victim to fresh air and keep warm Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes and loosen other clothing Do not use mouth to mouth method if the victim inhaled or ingested the substance Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water to rinse mouth Contact a poison information centre or seek medical advice, if vomiting occurs lean patient forward or place on left side Maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person
Advice to the doctor	Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance. Treat symptomatically. Keep victim calm and warm. Effects of exposure (inhalation, ingestion or skin contact) to substance may be delayed. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves

SECTION 5 – FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- > Alcohol stable foam
- > Dry chemical powder
- > BCF (where regulations permit)
- > Carbon dioxide
- ➤ Water spray or fog large fires only

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire incompatibility	Avoid contamination with Natural, neoprene or nitrile rubbers, EPDM, polystyrene
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Advice for fire fighters

	Alert fire brigade and tell location and nature of hazard
	May be explosive or reactive
	Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire
Fire fighting	Prevent spillage from entering the waterways or drains
	Consider evacuation (or protect in place)
	Fight the fire from a safe distance and adequate cover
	If safe switch off electrical equipment until vapour fire hazard removed
	Use water delivered as a fine spray to control the fire and adjacent areas
	Liquids and vapours are highly flammable
Fire/explosion hazard	Severe fire hazard when exposed to heat, flame, and or oxidisers
The, explosion nazara	Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition



	 Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to rupture of containers Hazardous fumes may occur with decomposition
Flash Point	> 13°C
Hazchem Code	➤ 2YE

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor spills	 Remove all ignition sources Clean up spills immediately Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes Contain and absorb small quantities with absorbent material Wipe up Collect residue in a non flammable waste container
Major spills	 Clear area of personnel and move upwind Alert fire brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard May be explosive Prevent spillage from entering the waterways or drains Consider evacuation (or protect in place) No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources Increase ventilation
Clean Up Procedures	Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean, non sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations
Containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Dike far ahead of large spill for later disposal. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapour-suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapours. Water spray may reduce vapour, but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe Handling	 Handle while wearing relevant protective clothing Containers even though empty may contain explosive vapours Do not drill, grind and weld near containers Avoid all personal contact including inhalation Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs Use in a well ventilated area Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps Do not enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked Avoid smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources When handling do not eat, drink or smoke Vapour make ignite due to pumping or pouring due to static electricity
Other information	 Store containers in approved flame proof areas No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources DO NOT store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapour may be trapped Store away from incompatible materials in a dry cool well ventilated area Protect containers from damage and check regularly for leaks Observe manufacturers storage and handling documentation advice



Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

	Packing as supplied by manufacturer
Suitable container	Plastic containers may only used if approved by manufacturer
	Check containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks
Storage incompatibility	Avoid heat and ignition sources, store out of direct sunlight

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General	The time weighted average (TWA) concentration, which means the highest allowable exposure concentration in an eight-hour day for a five-day working week for this product is: Ethanol: 1,880 mg/m3 (1,000 ppm); Methanol: 262 mg/m3 (200 ppm). The short term exposure limit (STEL), which is the maximum allowable exposure concentration at any time is: Methanol: 328 mg/m3 (250 ppm)	
Exposure controls		
	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level protection.	
Appropriate engineering controls	The basic controls are:	
Controls	Process controls which involve changing the job activity or process to reduce risk	
	Enclosure and or isolation source control keeping workers physically safe	
	Ventilation that strategically adds and removes air in work environment. Ventilation	
	can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly	
	For flammable liquids and flammable gases, local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation may be required.	
Personal protection		
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields Chemical goggles Contact lenses may pose a special hazard soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate materials. Medical personal should be trained and readily available in the event of chemical exposure; they should begin eye irrigation and remove contact lenses as soon as practicable. Lenses should be removed at the first sign of eye irritation 	
Skin protection	Wear general protective gloves e.g. light weight rubber gloves	
Hand / feet protection	As above for hands; wear appropriate footwear for the environment	
Body protection	Overalls or PVC Aprons	
Other protection	 Overalls PVC Aprons PVC protective gear Eyewash facilities Ensure there is ready access to a safety shower Non sparking footwear Respiratory protection when working in case of inadequate ventilation 	



Some PVC protective clothing may not be suitable due to the risk of static electricity

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Purple Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.78 - 0.79
Odour	Olfactory	Auto ignition temperature	392°C
Odour threshold	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not available
рН	No data	Viscosity	Not available
Melting point (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not available
Boiling point (°C)	78°C	Taste	Not available
Flash point (°C)	13°C	Explosive properties	Risk of violent reaction
Evaporation rate	2.4	Oxidising properties	Not available
Flammability	Highly flammable	Volatile component (% vol)	100%

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information	Reacts with strong oxidants. Attacks some plastics and rubber
Chemical stability	Stable
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizers, acids, strong alkalis, heat and sources of ignition. Avoid: Contact with strong oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites, peroxides), acids (e.g. sulphuric acid), strong alkalis (e.g. hydroxides).
Hazardous Polymerisation	Will not occur

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information	Ingestion of large amounts will result in central nervous system effects with symptoms such as headaches, dizziness, hallucinations, euphoria, excitation, drowsiness, blurred vision, fatigue, tremors, convulsions, vomiting and possible loss of consciousness. Severe acute intoxication effects may include hypoglycaemia, hypothermia, extensor rigidity, decreased blood pressure, vomiting blood and blood discharges. Aspiration to the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis.
Ingestion	Methyl alcohol: LD50 (oral, mouse) = 870 mg/kg
Other	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Product is not identified as being ecotoxic in the aquatic environment. However if discharged in quantity this may have biocidal effect.
Persistence/Degradability	Readily Biodegradable
Bioaccumulation Potential	No information available
Environmental Impact	No information available



SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / packaging disposal	 Do not allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal In all case disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first If in doubt contact the responsible authority This product is NOT suitable for disposal by either landfill or via municipal sewers, drains, natural streams or rivers. This product must be disposed as chemical waste in accordance with the local authority. Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed
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SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Ethanol or Methylated spirits is classified as Dangerous Goods and must comply with the Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005, and NZS 5433: 1999 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Labels required

	FLAMMAGLE LIQUID
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	2YE

Land transport (ADG)

UN Number	1170
Packing group	II
UN proper shipping name	Ethanol Solution
Environmental hazard	Not applicable
Transport hazard classes	Class 3 flammable liquids
Special precautions for user	No data available

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN Number	1170
Packing group	П
UN proper shipping name	Ethanol Solution
Environmental hazard	Not applicable
Transport hazard classes	Class 3 flammable liquids
Special precautions for user	No data available

Sea transport (IMDG / GGVSee)

UN Number	1170
Packing group	
UN proper shipping name	Ethanol Solution
Environmental hazard	Not applicable
Transport hazard classes	Class 3 flammable liquids
Special precautions for user	No data available
Marine Pollutant	No

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code - Not applicable



SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environment regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

GHS Codes	3.1B, 6.1E, 6.4A, 6.8B, 6.9B
National Inventory	Status
Australia – AICS	Yes
Europe – EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
New Zealand – NZIoC	Yes
	All ingredients are on the inventory
Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015
Approval Code	HSR002553 Denatured Ethanol Group Standard 2017
HSNO/HSWA Controls	Refer to the above Group Standard, Health and Safety at Work Act 2015, www.epa.govt.nz and www.worksafe.govt.nz for further information on controls
Signage and Safety	Threshold quantity: 250L - Fire extinguishers
	Threshold quantity: 250L - Emergency Response Plan
	Threshold quantity: 1,000L - Secondary containment plan
	Threshold quantity: 1,000L - Location and transit depot test certification
Hazardous atmosphere zone	100 L (closed containers or 25 L (decanting)
	5 L (open occasionally); 1 L (open containers in continuous use)

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

While Vetpak Limited in good faith has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, Vetpak Limited accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

New Zealand National Poison Information Centre: 0800 764 766

New Zealand Emergency Services: 111

Vetpak Limited: +64 7 870 2024

Definitions and abbreviations

PC – TWA	Permissible concentration – time weighted average
PC – STEL	Permissible concentration – short term exposure limit
IARC	International agency for research on cancer
ACGIH	American conference of Government Industrial Hygiene
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TEEL	Temporary emergency exposure limit
IDLH	Immediate dangerous to life or health concentration
OSF	Odour safety factor
NOAEL	No observed adverse effect level
LOAEL	Lowest observed adverse effect level
TLV	Threshold limit value
LOD	Limit of detection
OTV	Odour threshold value
BCF	BioConcentration factors



END OF SDS

