

Version 1.1 Issue date 16/09/2024

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

Product Identifier

| Product Name | Selenium 25mg |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Other Names | No data available |
| Proper Shipping Name | Selenites (Sodium selenite) |
| Other means of Identification | None |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

| Relevant identified uses | For the treatment and prevention of selenium responsive diseases in sheep and cattle. |
|--------------------------|---|
| | |

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | Vetpak Limited |
|-------------------------|---|
| Address | 249 Bruce Berquist Dr, Te Awamutu 3800. |
| Telephone | (07) 870 2024 |
| Website | www.vetpak.co.nz |
| Email | sales@vetpak.co.nz |

Emergency telephone numbers

| Association/ Organisation | New Zealand National Poison information centre |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Emergency telephone number | 0800 764 766 (07) 870 2024 Vetpak. 8.00am to 5.00pm Monday to Friday except public holidays. |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | New Zealand emergency services 111 |

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification:

Classed as a dangerous good for transport and logistics

Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS)

Label pictograms

| GHS label elements | |
|--------------------|---------|
| Signal Word | WARNING |



Hazard statements

| HSNO | Hazard Code | GHS Category | Hazard Statement |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|
| 6.1D (oral) | H 302 | Category 4 | Harmful if swallowed |
| 6.4A | H 319 | Category 2 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| 6.6B | H 341 | Category 2 | Suspected of causing genetic defects |
| 6.9B | H 371 | Category 1 | May cause damage to organs |
| 9.1B | H 411 | Category 2 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| 9.2C | H 423 | None | Harmful to the soil environment. |

Precautionary statements prevention

| P102 | Keep out of reach of children |
|------|---|
| P103 | Read label before use |
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| P202 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray |
| P264 | Wash hands and clothing thoroughly after handling. |
| P270 | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment. |
| P281 | Use personal protective equipment as required |

Precautionary statement responses

| P101 | If medical advice is needed have the product container or label on hand |
|--------------------|--|
| P301 + P312 | IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| P305 + P351 + P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if |
| | present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P308 + P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. |
| P309 + P311 | IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. |
| P330 | Rinse mouth |
| P337 + P313 | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P391 | Collect spillage |

Precautionary statement storage

| P405 | Store locked up |
|------|-----------------|

Precautionary statement disposal

| DEO1 | Disposal should be through a suitable | y qualified contractor following the EPA guidelines |
|------|---------------------------------------|---|
| P301 | Disposal should be through a suitably | y quaimed contractor following the EPA guidelines |

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Mixtures | | |
|---------------|------------|-------------------|
| CAS Number | % (weight) | Name |
| 13410-01-0 | < 10% | Sodium Selenate |
| 1934 - 21 - 0 | < 10% | Sunset Yellow Dye |
| 7732 – 18 – 5 | То 100% | Water |

Description of first aid measures



| Eye contact | If this product comes in contact with eyes | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| | Wash out immediately with fresh running water for several minutes Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids If eye irritation persists seek medical attention | |
| Skin contact | If skin or hair contact occurs | |
| | Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes Wash the affected area thoroughly with water and soap If skin irritation or rash occurs get medical advice / attention | |
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention. | |
| Ingestion | If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice. | |
| Advice to the doctor | Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance. Treat symptomatically. Keep victim calm and warm. Effects of exposure (inhalation, ingestion or skin contact) to substance may be delayed. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves | |

SECTION 5 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- Alcohol stable foam
- > Dry chemical powder
- Carbon dioxide
- > Water spray works fine but do not use water jets

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| Fire incompatibility | Not considered a flammable product | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Hazards from combustion | Decomposes on heating emitting toxic fumes. (Sodium oxides, Selenium, Selenium oxides) | |

Advice for fire fighters

| Fire fighting | Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Fire/explosion hazard | Not considered to be a significant fire risk. |



SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal precautions, protective | e equipment and emergency procedures |
|--|--|
| Minor spills Less than 230L Major spills More than 230L | Dilute with water and mop up Absorb spill with an inert dry material (soil, sand or other inert material). Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination, and inhalation of vapours. Contain. Do not allow chemical to enter drains and waterways. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert fire brigade; explain location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus and protective clothing. Prevent spillage from entering drains or water-courses. Separate from waste water through reaction with Barium Chloride and precipitation as insoluble Barium Selenate. Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite. Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling. If contamination of sewers or waterways and or surrounding environment has occurred, notify local emergency services, local authorities, and the Regional |
| Clean Lin Brasaduras | Council. |
| Clean Up Procedures | Contain and place in sealable containers |
| Containment | Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. |

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

| Precautions for safe handling | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Read label before use | | |
| | Limit all unnecessary personal contact. | | |
| | Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. | | |
| Safe Handling | Use in a well-ventilated area. | | |
| | When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. | | |
| | Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. | | |
| | Avoid physical damage to containers. Use good occupational work practice. | | |
| | Use site signage for large quantities | | |
| Other information | Protect containers from damage and check regularly for leaks | | |
| | Store in accordance with NZS 8409; Management of Agrichemicals. | | |
| Conditions for safe storage, incl | uding any incompatibilities | | |
| | Store away from incompatible materials listed | | |
| Suitable container | Store locked up | | |
| | Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. | | |
| | | | |

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

| General | No exposure limits have been assigned for this product. | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| | The lowest harmful dose by oral administration is 88ml/Kg | |
| | Sodium Selenite | |
| | New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standard: TWA = TWA = 0.1 mg/m3. | |
| Exposure controls | | |
| | Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level | |



| | protection. | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Appropriate engineering | The basic controls are: | |
| controls | Process controls which involve changing the job activity or process to reduce risk | |
| | Enclosure and or isolation source control keeping workers physically safe | |
| | Ventilation that strategically adds and removes air in work environment. Ventilation | |
| | can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly | |
| Personal protection | | |
| Eye and face protection | Safety glasses with side shields Contact lenses may pose a special hazard soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate materials. Medical personal should be trained and readily available in the event of chemical exposure; they should begin eye irrigation and remove contact lenses as soon as practicable. Lenses should be removed at the first sign of eye irritation | |
| Skin protection | Wear general protective gloves e.g. light weight rubber gloves | |
| Hand / feet protection | As above for hands; wear appropriate footwear for the environment | |
| Body protection | Overalls or PVC Aprons if available | |
| Other protection | Overalls PVC Aprons PVC protective gear Eyewash facilities Ensure there is ready access to a safety shower | |

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Yellow Liquid | Relative density (Water = 1) | 1.01 – 1.015 | |
|--------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Odour | Odourless | Auto ignition temperature | Not available | |
| Odour threshold | Not available | Decomposition temperature | Not available | |
| рН | No data | Viscosity | Not available | |
| Melting point (°C) | Not available | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not available | |
| Boiling point (°C) | Not available | Taste | Not available | |
| Flash point (°C) | Not available | Explosive properties | Not explosive | |
| Evaporation rate | Not available | Oxidising properties | Not available | |
| Flammability | Not flammable | Volatile component (% vol) | Not available | |

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| General Information | The solution in water is a weak base. Contact with acids produces toxic gas. |
|-------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Stable |
| Conditions to avoid | Product is stable |
| Incompatible materials | Incompatible/reactive with acids, reducing agents, organic compounds and oxidising agents. |
| Hazardous Decomposition | Thermal decomposition will produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Sodium oxides, Selenium, Selenium oxides |



| Hazardous Polymerisation | | Will not occur |
|--------------------------|--|----------------|
|--------------------------|--|----------------|

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| Acute effects | Acute selenium poisoning (Selenium 99%) produces central nervous system effects, which include nervousness, convulsions, and drowsiness. Other signs of intoxication can include skin eruptions, lassitude, gastrointestinal distress, teeth that are discoloured or decayed, odorous ("garlic") breath and partial loss of hair and nails. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Chronic effects | Evidence from animal tests and studies on exposed humans indicate that repeated or prolonged exposure to this chemical could result in liver damage |
| Inhalation | Irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. |
| Ingestion | May be harmful if swallowed. |
| Skin | Irritant. Toxic by dermal absorption. |
| Eyes | Causes severe eye irritation. May cause conjunctivitis. |
| Carcinogenicity | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| Acute Toxicity | Oral (LD ⁵⁰); 1.6mg/kg (Rat) (Selenium 99%) |
| Reproductive Toxicity | In laboratory animals, this compound (Selenium 99%) has caused both birth defects and damage to the reproductive system. |
| Mutagenicity | Possible mutagen. |
| Chronic Toxicity | Target organ/s; Spleen, Liver, Kidneys. |

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| Ecotoxicity | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|---------------------------|--|
| | (Selenium 99%): |
| | mortality NOEC - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 1.25 mg/l - 5.0 d |
| | LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 0.69 mg/l - 96.0 h |
| | mortality LOEC - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 2.42 mg/l - 5.0 d |
| | Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : |
| | EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0.39 mg/l - 48 h |
| | Toxicity to algae : |
| | Growth inhibition LOEC - Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae) - 0.083 mg/l - 7 d |
| | Growth inhibition EC50 - Ankistrodesmus falcatus - 0.033 mg/l - 14 d |
| Persistence/Degradability | No information available |
| Bioaccumulation Potential | No information available |
| Environmental Impact | No information available |

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

| Product / packaging disposal | Dispose of product only by using according to label or at an approved landfill. Recycle where possible. Do not contaminate bodies of water with chemical or empty container. Refer to the Local council bylaws and Land Waste Management Authority. Dissolved material in excess water is normally suitable for disposal in storm water system. |
|------------------------------|--|
| | Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. Labels should not be removed |



SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels required

| Marine Pollutant | Yes |
|--------------------------|--|
| HAZCHEM | 2X |
| Land transport (ADG) | |
| UN Number | 2630 |
| Packing group | III |
| UN proper shipping name | Selenites (Sodium selenite) |
| Environmental hazard | Yes |
| Transport hazard classes | 6.1 Toxic and Infectious Substances - Toxic Substances |

Special precautions for user None

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

| UN Number | 2630 |
|------------------------------|--|
| Packing group | III |
| UN proper shipping name | Selenites (Sodium selenite) |
| Environmental hazard | Yes |
| Transport hazard classes | 6.1 Toxic and Infectious Substances - Toxic Substances |
| Special precautions for user | None |

Sea transport (IMDG / GGVSee)

| UN Number | 2630 |
|------------------------------|--|
| Packing group | 111 |
| UN proper shipping name | Selenites (Sodium selenite) |
| Environmental hazard | Yes |
| Transport hazard classes | 6.1 Toxic and Infectious Substances - Toxic Substances |
| Special precautions for user | None |
| Marine Pollutant | Yes |

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environment regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

| GHS Codes | 6.1E, 6.4A, 6.6B, 6.9B, 9.1C |
|---|---|
| National Inventory | Status - Approved |
| Australia – AICS | Yes |
| Europe – EINEC / ELINCS / NLP | Yes |
| New Zealand – NZIoC | Yes - All ingredients are on the inventory |
| Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand) | Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015 |
| Approval Code | None |
| Certified Handler | Not required |
| Restriction of use | None known |



SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

While Vetpak Limited in good faith has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, Vetpak Limited accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

| New Zealand National Poison Information Centre: | 0800 764 766 |
|---|----------------|
| New Zealand Emergency Services: | 111 |
| Vetpak Limited: | +64 7 870 2024 |

Definitions and abbreviations

| PC – TWA | Permissible concentration – time weighted average |
|-----------|---|
| PC – STEL | Permissible concentration – short term exposure limit |
| IARC | International agency for research on cancer |
| ACGIH | American conference of Government Industrial Hygiene |
| STEL | Short term exposure limit |
| TEEL | Temporary emergency exposure limit |
| IDLH | Immediate dangerous to life or health concentration |
| OSF | Odour safety factor |
| NOAEL | No observed adverse effect level |
| LOAEL | Lowest observed adverse effect level |
| TLV | Threshold limit value |
| LOD | Limit of detection |
| OTV | Odour threshold value |
| BCF | BioConcentration factors |

END OF SDS

